Patent claims

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 A homo- or copolyoxymethylene containing the structural unit of formula I

$$-A-O-R^{1}-O-CO-(R^{2}-CO-)_{m}-O-$$
 (I),

where A is a radical derived from a homo- or copolyoxymethylene, R¹ is an alkylene radical having at least two carbon atoms, or a cycloalkylene radical, R² is a direct carbon-carbon bond, or an alkylene, cycloalkylene, arylene, or aralkylene radical, and m is 0 or 1.

- 15 2. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 1, wherein m is 0.
- 3. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 1, wherein R¹ is a radical of the formula -C_nH_{2n}-, where n is a whole number from 2 to 6.
 - 4. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 3, wherein R^1 is -CH₂-CH₂-.
- The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 1, wherein the polyoxymethylene radical A has from 99.9 to 90 mol% of repeat structural units of the formula -(CH₂-O-)_x, where x is a whole number from 100 to 10 000, and from 0.1 to 10 mol% of repeat structural units which derive from ethylene oxide, from propylene 1,2-oxide, from butylene 1,2-oxide, from butylene 1,3-oxide, from 1,3-dioxane, from 1,3-dioxolane, from 1,3-dioxepan, from 1,3,6-trioxocane, and/or from linear oligo- or polyformals.
- 6. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 1, wherein the polyoxymethylene radical A has from 99.9 to 90 mol% of repeat structural units of the formula -(CH₂-O-)_x, where x is a whole

number from 100 to 10 000, and from 0.1 to 10 mol% of repeat structural units of the formula

-(CH2-CH2-O-)z

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where z is a whole number which is at least 1.

7. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 1, wherein the structural elements of the formula -O-CO-(R²-CO-)_m-O- derive from chain-linking agents which are selected from the group consisting of derivatives of carbonic acid, in particular esters thereof or activated urea derivatives, or from esters or half-esters of dicarboxylic acids, or from dianhydrides of tetracarboxylic acids, or from mixtures of two or more of these compounds.

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8. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 7, wherein the structural elements of the formula -O-CO-(R²-CO-)_m-O- derive from diesters of carbonic acid, in particular from dimethyl or diphenyl carbonate.

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9. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 7, wherein the structural elements of the formula -O-CO-(R²-CO-)_m-O- derive from diesters of oxalic acid, of the aromatic dicarboxylic acids, and/or of the aliphatic dicarboxylic acids.

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10. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 9, wherein the structural elements of the formula -O-CO-(R²-CO-)_m-O- derive from dimethyl esters or diphenyl esters of oxalic acid, of isophthalic acid, of phthalic acid, of adipic acid, or of sebacic acid.

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- 11. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 7, wherein the structural elements of the formula -O-CO-(R²-CO-)_m-O- derive from oxybis(phthalic anhydride).
- The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 7, wherein the structural elements of the formula -O-CO-(R²-CO-)_m-O- derive from carbonyl N,N'-bis(caprolactamate).

13. The homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 1, whose melt index (MVR value, 190°C/2.16 kg/ISO 1133) is below 10 cm³/10 min, preferably below 2 cm³/10 min.

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14. A process for the chain-extension of homo- or copolyoxymethylenes, encompassing the reaction of homo- or copolyoxymethylenes of the formula II with at least one chain-linking agent of the formula III

10 R^4 -A-O-R¹-OH (II), R^7 -CO-(R^2 -CO-)_m-R⁸ (III),

where A is a radical derived from a homo- or copolyoxymethylene, R¹ is an alkylene radical having at least two carbon atoms, or a cycloalkylene radical,

15 R² is a direct carbon-carbon bond or an alkylene, cycloalkylene, arylene, or aralkylene radical,

 R^4 is a radical of the formulae -OH, -O- R^5 , -O-CO- R^6 , or in particular -O- R^1 -OH, where R^1 is as defined at an earlier stage above,

20 R⁵ is an alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, or aralkyl radical, R⁶ is hydrogen or an alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, or aralkyl radical,

m is 0 or 1, and

 R^7 and R^8 , independently of one another, are alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, aryloxy, aralkyloxy, or a lactam radical bonded by way of the nitrogen atom, or where, in the case where m = 1, R^7 and/or R^8 together with another carboxylic acid group of the radical R^2 form an anhydride or imide group.

- 15. The process as claimed in claim 14, wherein the reaction takes place in the presence of a catalyst which is a Lewis acid or is a Lewis base.
- 16. The process as claimed in claim 15, wherein the catalyst used comprises the alkali metal or alkaline earth metal salts of acetylacetonates, in particular lithium acetylacetonate or sodium acetylacetonate, and/or alkali metal alkoxides, in particular sodium

methoxide or lithium methoxide, and/or lithium halides, in particular lithium chloride.

- 17. The process as claimed in claim 14, wherein the reaction takes place at temperatures of from 100 to 240°C, preferably from 150 to 220°C, and the reaction time is from 0.5 to 60 minutes.
 - 18. The process as claimed in claim 14, wherein the amount used of homo- or copolyoxymethylene of the formula II, per mole of chain-linking agent of the formula III, is such that the content of the end groups -O-R¹-OH present at the start of the chain-linkage reaction is in the range from one quarter of one mol to four mol.
- 19. The process as claimed in claim 14, wherein the reaction takes place at temperatures such that the reaction mixture is liquid, or such that a liquid phase forms in the reaction mixture.
- 20. The process as claimed in claim 14, wherein, from a mixture of compounds of the formulae II and III, if appropriate of a catalyst, and, where appropriate, of other additives, a molded structure is produced and is heated in a stream of gas and/or in a vacuum for a period such that the desired molecular weight increase has been achieved, the temperatures selected here being such that the reaction mixture is solid.

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21. The use of the homo- or copolyoxymethylene as claimed in claim 1 for producing moldings, in particular for producing fibers, films, hoses, pipes, rods, or profiles.